

3.11

$$U_n = A e^{i(qx_n - \omega t)} \quad (\text{eq 3.45})$$

$$q \rightarrow iq \quad U_n = A e^{i(iq)x_n - \omega t} =$$

$$= A e^{-q x_n} e^{-i\omega t} \quad x_n = n a$$

$$M \ddot{U}_n = -\alpha (2U_n - U_{n+1} - U_{n-1})$$

$$M (-i\omega)^2 A e^{-q x_n} e^{-i\omega t} = -\alpha [2 A e^{-q x_n} e^{-i\omega t} -$$

$$- A e^{-q x_{n+1}} e^{-i\omega t} - A e^{-q x_{n-1}} e^{-i\omega t}]$$

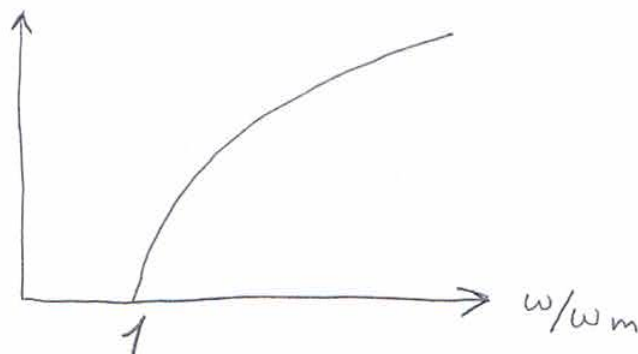
$$M \omega^2 e^{-q n a} = \alpha [2 e^{-q n a} - e^{-q n a} e^{-q a} - e^{-q n a} e^{q a}]$$

$$\frac{M \omega^2}{\alpha} = 2 - e^{-q a} - e^{q a} = 2 - 2 \cosh(q a)$$

$$q a = \cosh^{-1} \left( 1 - \frac{M \omega^2}{2\alpha} \right) = \cosh^{-1} \left( 1 - \frac{\omega^2}{\omega_m^2} \right)$$

$$I = |U_n|^2 = A^2 e^{-2 q a n}$$

↑ Attenuation coefficient



3.12

$$(eq\ 3.59) \quad \begin{bmatrix} 2\alpha - M_1 \omega^2 & -2\alpha \cos(qa) \\ -2\alpha \cos(qa) & 2\alpha - M_2 \omega^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A_1 \\ A_2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} q=0 \\ \omega=0 \end{aligned} \Rightarrow 2\alpha A_1 - 2\alpha A_2 = 0 \\ \Rightarrow \boxed{A_1 = A_2} \quad (eq\ 3.62)$$

$$q=0 \\ \omega = \left[ 2\alpha \left( \frac{1}{M_1} + \frac{1}{M_2} \right) \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\left[ 2\alpha - 2\alpha M_1 \left( \frac{1}{M_1} + \frac{1}{M_2} \right) \right] A_1 - 2\alpha A_2 = 0$$

$$\left[ 1 - 1 - \frac{M_1}{M_2} \right] A_1 - A_2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow M_1 A_1 + M_2 A_2 = 0 \quad (eq\ 3.63)$$

3.13

$$\rho = 2.18 \text{ g/cm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Transverse : } \omega = \omega_{\perp} &= 3.08 \cdot 10^{13} \text{ rad/s} = \\ &= 4.92 \cdot 10^{12} \text{ Hz} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Longitudinal : } \omega = \omega_{\parallel} &= 5 \cdot 10^{13} \text{ rad/s} = \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

$$M_1 = 22.99 \text{ amu} = 3.82 \cdot 10^{-26} \text{ kg}$$

$$M_2 = 35.45 \text{ amu} = 5.89 \cdot 10^{-26} \text{ kg}$$

Optical mode:

$$\omega = \sqrt{2\alpha \left( \frac{1}{M_1} + \frac{1}{M_2} \right)}$$

$$\omega^2 = 2\alpha \left( \frac{1}{M_1} + \frac{1}{M_2} \right)$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\omega^2}{2 \left( \frac{1}{M_1} + \frac{1}{M_2} \right)}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{(3.08 \cdot 10^{13} \text{ Hz})^2}{2 \left( \frac{1}{3.82 \cdot 10^{-26} \text{ kg}} + \frac{1}{5.89 \cdot 10^{-26}} \right)} \approx 10.99 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$\alpha = a \gamma \Rightarrow \gamma = \frac{\alpha}{a} \approx \frac{10.99 \text{ kg/s}^2}{5.64 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ m}} \approx$$

$$\approx 1.95 \cdot 10^{10} \text{ kg/m} \cdot \text{s}^2 = 1.95 \cdot 10^{10} \text{ Pa}$$

Longitudinal:

$$\alpha = 28.96 \text{ kg/s}^2 \quad Y = 5.14 \cdot 10^{10} \text{ Pa}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_{se} = \sqrt{\frac{Y}{\rho}} \approx \sqrt{\frac{1.95 \cdot 10^{10}}{2.18 \cdot 10^3}} \approx 2990 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_{st} = \sqrt{\frac{Y}{\rho}} \approx \sqrt{\frac{5.14 \cdot 10^{10}}{2.18 \cdot 10^3}} \approx 4855 \text{ m/s}$$